



Can compressed air energy storage be used in underground mine tunnels? Compressed air energy storage (CAES) in underground mine tunnels using the technique of lined rock cavern (LRC) provides a promising solution to large-scale energy storage. A coupled thermodynamic and thermomechanical modelling for CAES in mine tunnels was implemented. Thermodynamic analysis of air during CAES operation was carried out.



How stable is a cavern from an abandoned mining tunnel? Key parameters to the stability of the CAES cavern are identified. Compressed air energy storage (CAES) is a buffer bank for unstable new energy sources and traditional power grids. The stability of a CAES cavern is a key issue to cavern safety. However, the stability of a cavern from an abandoned mining tunnel has not been well studied.



Is abandoned mine roadway a CAES energy storage cavern? Conclusions This study investigated the stability of an abandoned mine roadway as a CAES energy storage cavern with a numerical model. Being different from previous studies, the EDZ was partitioned into different zones according to their damage degree and a P-EDZ numerical model was established.



Can CAES be used in underground mine tunnels? CAES in underground mine tunnels using the technique of LRC provides a promising solution for storing large amounts of energy. Although CAES in LRC tunnels has been extensively studied both theoretically and experimentally, commercial CAES facilities employing the technique of LRC were unheard of. Several theoretical issues are yet to be resolved.



Can a 3D simulation be used in underground mine tunnels? In light of the assumptions outlined in Section 2.1,the coupled thermodynamic and thermomechanical processes for CAES in underground mine tunnels can be effectively approached using a 2D simulation scheme. However, when considering steel reinforcement, a 3D simulation scheme becomes



necessary.





Can a gas storage cavern model the thermodynamic behaviour of LRCS? Ignoring the spatial variation of temperature and pressure commonly adopted in modelling the thermodynamic behaviour for LRCs or gas storage caverns.



Technical feasibility of lined mining tunnels in closed coal mines as underground reservoirs of compressed air energy storage systems. Journal of Energy Storage, 78 (2024)





Abandoned coal mine tunnels: future heating/power supply centers. Min Sci Technol (2011) J.J. Proczka et al. Guidelines for the pressure and efficient sizing of pressure vessels ???





In this paper, four mining levels in a closed coal mine in the Asturian Central Coal Basin (NW Spain) have been selected as a case study to investigate the technical feasibility of underground





The proposed energy storage system uses a post-mine shaft with a volume of about 60,000 m 3 and the proposed thermal energy and compressed air storage system can be characterized by ???







Repurposing deep coal mines in renewable energy. Underground rocks could be important to decarbonisation, according to a British Geological Survey (BGS) scientist. The BGS is also working on compressed air energy ???





In this paper, four mining levels in a closed coal mine in the Asturian Central Coal Basin (NW Spain) have been selected as a case study to investigate the technical feasibility of ???





Typical scheme of shafts and tunnels network in coal mines. 2017), compressed air energy storage (CAES) (Kim et al., 2012;Fan et al., 2018a), thermal energy storage (Al-Habaibeh et al., 2018





This study focuses on the renovation and construction of compressed air energy storage chambers within abandoned coal mine roadways. The transient mechanical responses of underground gas storage chambers ???



Pumped storage power plants and compressed air energy storage plants have been in use for more than a hundred and forty years, respectively, to balance fluctuating electricity ???







Compressed Air Energy Storage (CAES) is a method of storing energy generated from intermittent sources, such as renewable power plants, for later use. The ??? China Puts into ???



Underground coal mine workings as potential places for Compressed Air Energy Storage. M Luty??ski 1, ?? Bartela 2, G Smolnik 1 and S Waniczek 3. Published under licence ???



As the address types of underground gas storage, the existing compressed air energy storage projects or future ideas can be divided into the following four types: rock salt ???



On May 26, 2022, the world's first nonsupplemental combustion compressed air energy storage power plant (Figure 1), Jintan Salt-cavern Compressed Air Energy Storage National ???