





Can nano-enhanced phase change materials reduce energy consumption? Heat can be stored using a thermal energy storage system (TES) (Tariq et al. 2020). The review by Aziz et al. (2024) examines nano-enhanced phase change materials (NePCMs) as a promising solution for reducing energy consumption improving the thermal capacity and minimising heat loss of traditional PCMs.





Are phase change materials effective in thermal energy storage? Phase Change Materials (PCMs) with high energy density have the potential to store and release significant amounts of energy, making them valuable for thermal energy storage applications. However, a considerable drawback of commonly used PCMs is their poor thermal conductivity, which limits their effectiveness.





Can nanostructured materials improve thermal energy storage performance? Nanostructured materials have emerged as a promising approach for achieving enhanced performance, particularly in the thermal energy storage (TES) field. Phase change materials (PCMs) have gained considerable prominence in TES due to their high thermal storage capacity and nearly constant phase transition temperature.





What is phase change material (PCM) thermal energy storage? Phase change material (PCM) thermal energy storage (TES) technology is a sustainable energy savings optionthat is especially lucrative in building energy management. PCM (s) can be applied directly for free cooling to reduce the building energy requirement for air conditioning.





Are phase-changing materials suitable for energy storage? Phase-changing materials (PCM) are extensively used for energy storage systems(Eslami et al. 2021; Kalbasi 2022; Chen et al. 2022a; Wu et al. 2022). PCM materials possessing high latent heat,high specific heat,and low melting temperature are competent for energy storage. Heat energy can be stored in PCM in latent and sensible heat.







What are inorganic phase change materials? Inorganic phase change materials The family of iPCMs generally includes the salts,salt hydrates and metallics.





In the area of inorganic thermal energy storage materials, High temperature latent heat thermal energy storage: phase change materials, design considerations and performance ???





Phase change materials (PCMs) are organic or inorganic compounds, which melt and solidify with a melting range suitable for specific applications. Effects of nano-SiO2 on ???





The present research article reports the heat transfer characteristics of nano-phase change material (NPCM) composites: nanographite (NG)???PCM composites and multi-walled carbon nanotube (CNT)???PCM ???





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Phase change materials (PCMs), capable of reversibly storing and releasing tremendous thermal energy during nearly isothermal and isometric phase state transition, have received extensive attention in the fields of energy ???





Hybrid PCM with nanoparticles has excellent potential to tailor thermo-physical properties and uplift the efficiency of energy storage systems. Synergistic use of PCM with nanomicromaterial ???





Organic phase change materials (O-PCMs) such as alkanes, fatty acids, and polyols have recently attracted enormous attention for thermal energy storage (TES) due to availability in a wide range of temperatures and high ???





An intriguing approach for effective thermal management involves using PCMs as the matrix in conjunction with other polymer materials. PCMs, such as paraffin, PEG, and erythritol, show promise for heat energy storage ???





The PCMs belong to a series of functional materials that can store and release heat with/without any temperature variation [5, 6]. The research, design, and development (RD& D) ???







Focus on energy storage using phase change materials (PCMs) are of current research hotspot due to high latent heat value. Nevertheless, poor thermal conductivity, supercooling, phase separation, corrosive nature of salt ???



Focus on energy storage using phase change materials (PCMs) are of current research hotspot due to high latent heat value. Narayanan SS, Bhardwaj N et al. Ultrafast thermal charging of inorganic nano-phase change ???





The article presents different methods of thermal energy storage including sensible heat storage, latent heat storage and thermochemical energy storage, focusing mainly on ???